## Keuka Lake History, Current State, and What We Don't Know

### Tim Sellers, PhD

August 2018

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### **KLA Science/Water Quality Advisor**

#### Training

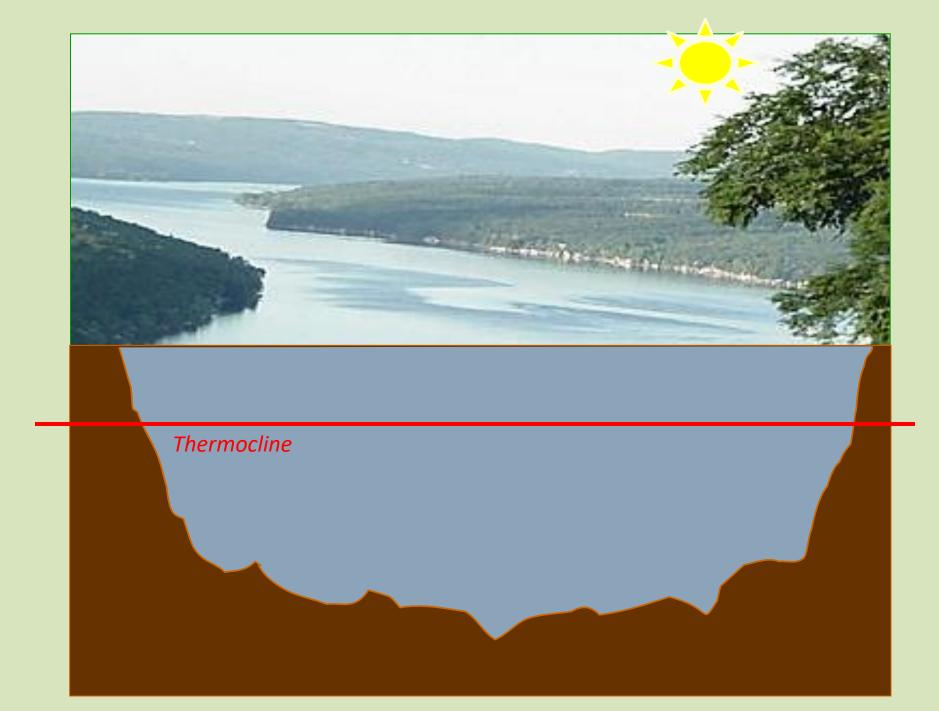
Limnologist / Aquatic Biologist Research lakes, rivers, oceans

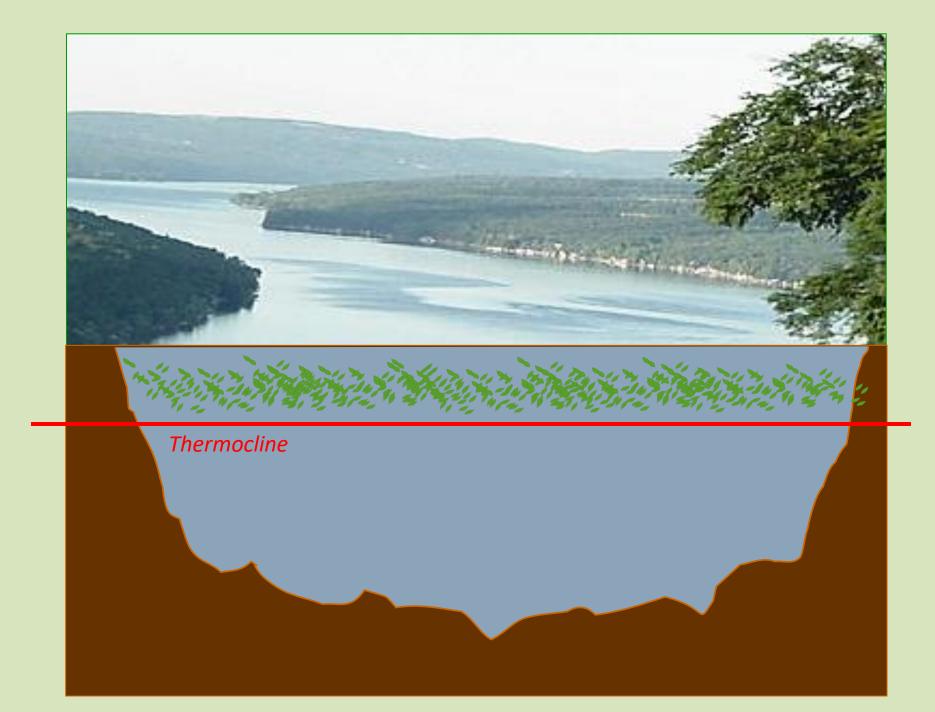
#### Keuka College

Director, Center for Aquatic Research Professor of Biology and Env. Sci.



Associate Provost for Academic Innovation



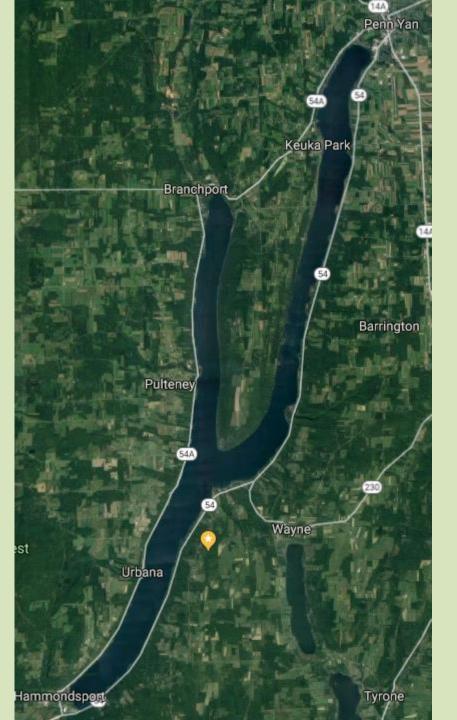


### Lake samples

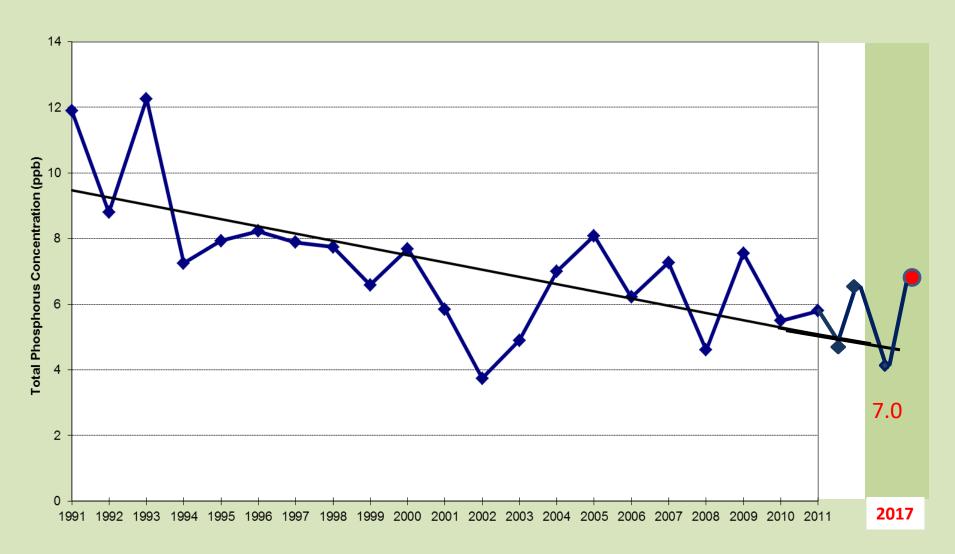
- Whole lake, 1 day
- Monthly, 5 8 times/year
- 25+ years
- Multiple (16) sites
  - Even distribution
  - Near-shore, Open water
  - Shallow (~ 1m), Deep (~ 30m)

Well-mixed water in lake No stream inputs, point sources

- Nutrients: TP, NO3
- "Algae": Chl *a*, Secchi depths
- [pH, conductivity, temperature]

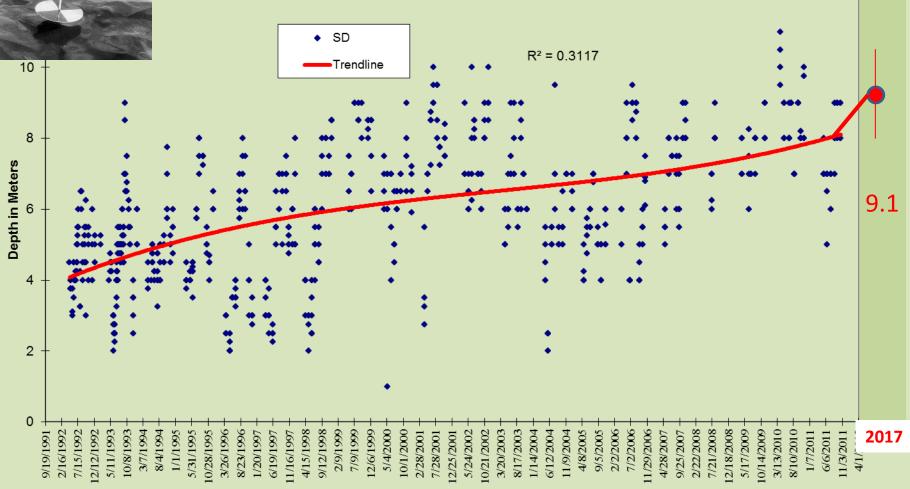


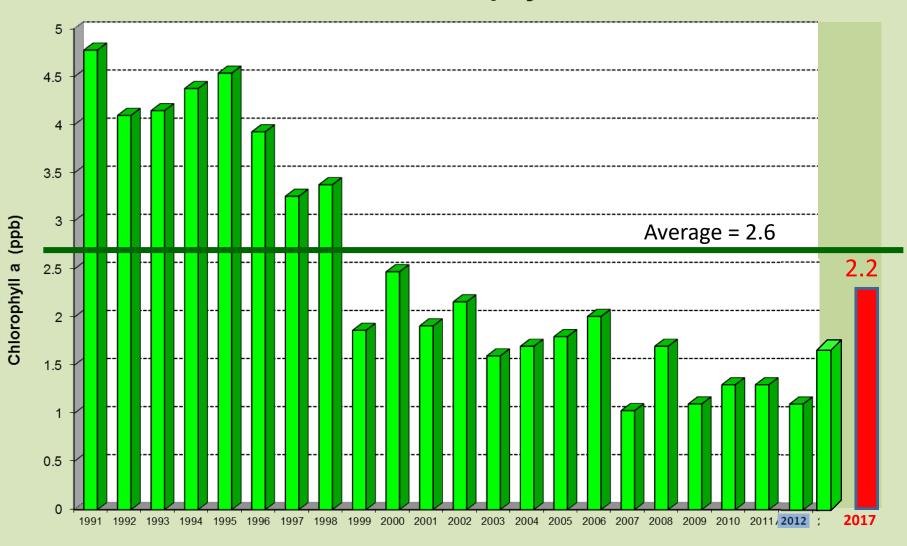
#### Keuka Lake Phosphorus Trends



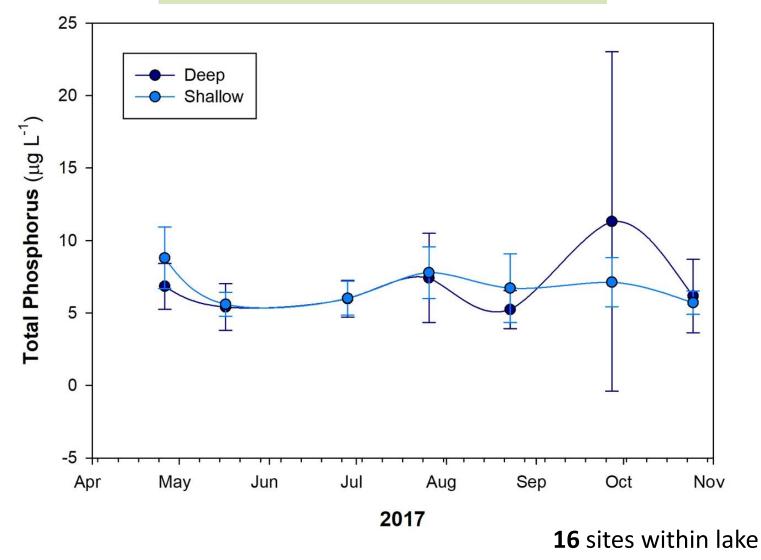


#### Keuka Lake Secchi Disk Data

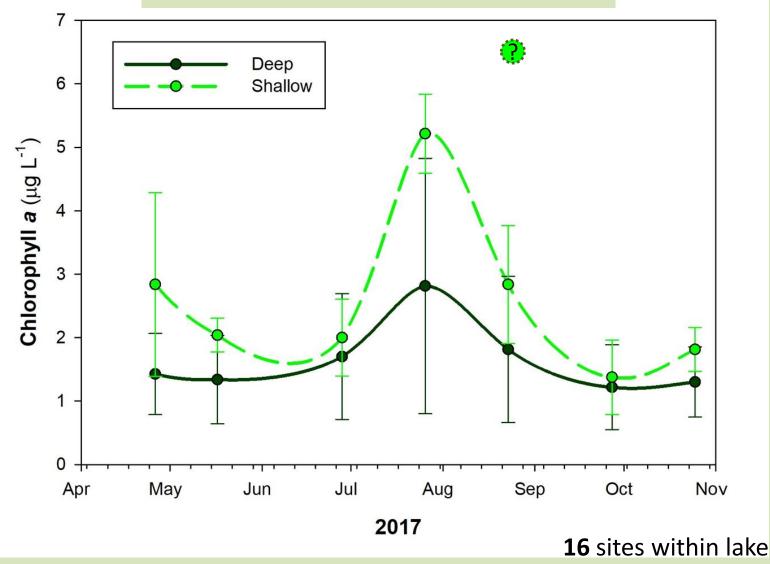




### Total **Phosphorus** "Fertilizes" algae – good *and* bad

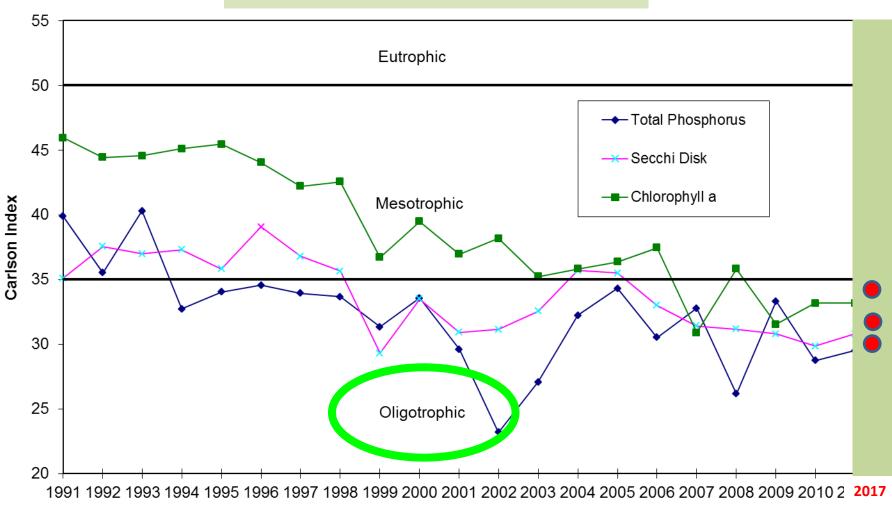


### **Chlorophyll** *a* All **algae** – both good *and* bad



#### Nitrate "Fertilizes" algae – good and bad .30 .25 .20 $NO_3 (mg L^{-1})$ .15 .10 .05 0.00 -Deep -.05 Shallow -.10 Apr May Jun Jul Oct Nov Aug Sep 2017

#### **Keuka Lake Trophic Status**

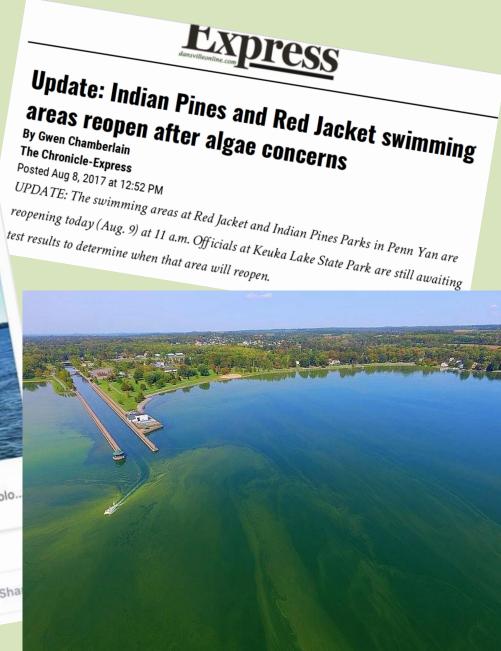


1 77% 12:37 ~ 3 Mail •0000 LTE Q Search ~ Keuka College Is there blue-green algae in the lake? And if there is, what does that mean? Dr. Sellers sets the record straight.

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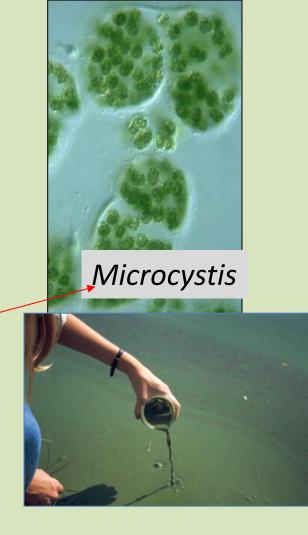
A Sha 30 Shares Comment Like



## Cyanobacteria "Blue green algae"

• Types of phytoplankton / algae

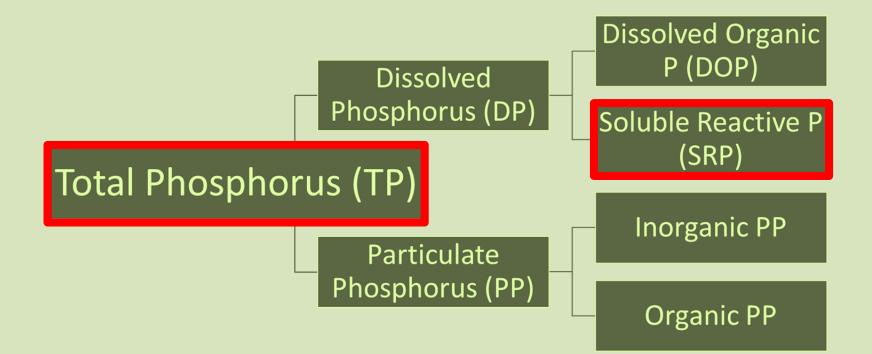
- Generally surface (not deep)
- Many species
   Most harmless
   Some produce toxic chemicals
   Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs)



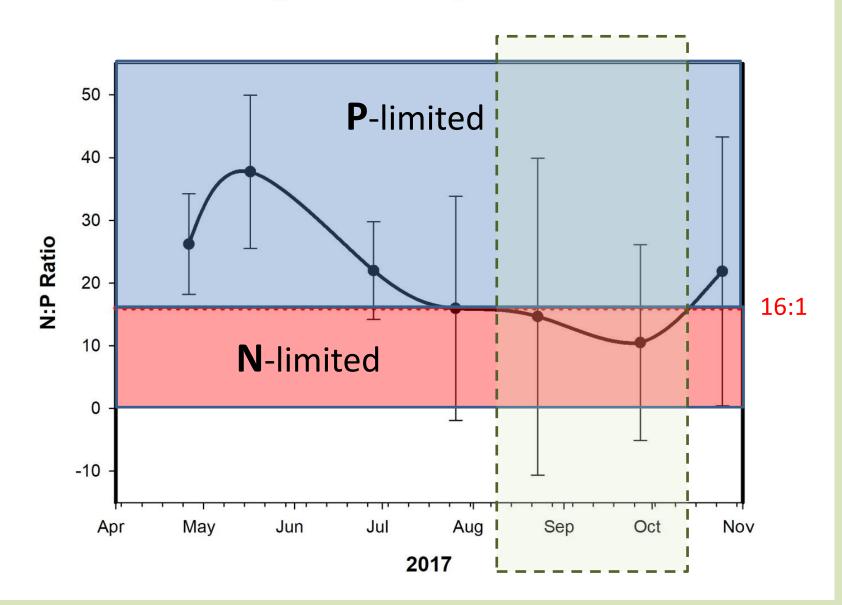
## HABs in the Finger Lakes

[	Lake	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
	Conesus								
I	Hemlock								
	Canadice								No Known Suspicious Confirmed High toxin
Ľ	Honeoye								
4	Canadaigua								
	Keuka								
1	Seneca								
	Cayuga								
	Owasco								
	Skaneateles								
	Otisco								

## Nutrients (P) are complicated...



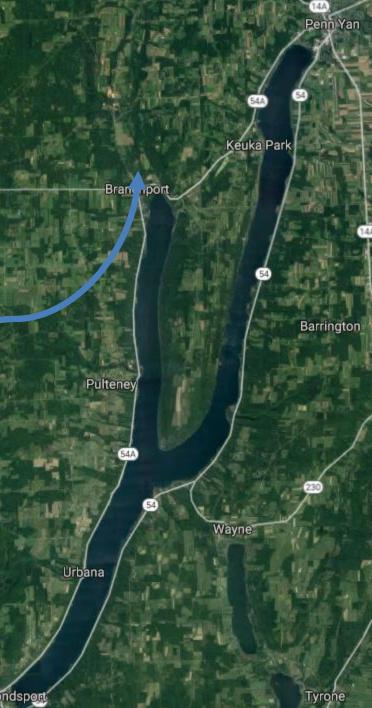
### Nitrogen to Phosphorus Ratios



# What We Know, What We Don't

- Keuka has *always* had **low** levels of "blue green algae"
- Typically low nutrients (N, P)
- 2017: All **11 Finger Lakes** had confirmed **HABs**, most with confirmed **toxins**
  - Keuka, Skaneateles...
- KLA Data
  - Great dataset of what is *already in* the lake
  - No real data of what is <u>coming in</u> to the lake (streams)
    - Nutrient types: SRP vs TP
    - Nutrient concentrations
    - Hydrologic flow
  - Citizen scientists?

PEERS Data. July 2018											
	SRP	ТР	NO <sub>3</sub>								
Sample Location	Soluble Reactive Phosphorus‡ µg/L, 7/2/18, 2:35 PM	Total Phosphorus‡ μg/L, 7/2/18	Nitrate+Nitrite mg/L, 7/16/18		Brancoport						
Trip Blank	NS	<2.0	0.01								
Eggleston	13.6		0.85		544						
Sugar Creek Mouth	28.2	31.4									
Sugar Creek Mid	18.9	40.9									
Sugar Creek Mid dup	19.7*	40.1*	0.25		est						
Sugar Creek Head	45.8	55.3	0.53		Urbana						
Cold Brook Mouth	26.9	45.4	0.71								
Cold Brook Mid	38.4	40.1	1.25		State / Jetter						
Cold Brook Head	36.9	40.1	1.84								
Wagner Glen	20.0	20.5	1.11								
					Hammondsport						



## Potential HAB Drivers

- Increased nutrient inputs into lake
  - Agricultural, land use changes
  - "Point source" or targeted inputs
  - Intense weather events
- Nutrient shifts, location
  - N:P ratios, shallow/near-shore dynamics
- Grazing issues
  - Zebra/Quagga mussels: eat "good" algae, leave BG algae
  - *Research*: low nutrient lakes with zebra mussels show high HAB toxicities

→ The plot thickens (hopefully not the water)...

### Think differently...

